

471) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \cos \frac{2n\pi}{3} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k^2} \cos \frac{2k\pi}{3}$

$S_n = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k^2} \cos \frac{2k\pi}{3}$ (初項 $\frac{1}{1^2} \times (-\frac{1}{2}) + \frac{1}{2^2} \times (-\frac{1}{2}) + \frac{1}{3^2}$)
 (公比 $\frac{1}{3}$, 項数 m の等比の和)

$S_{3m} = \frac{27}{27} \times \frac{1 - (\frac{1}{3})^m}{1 - \frac{1}{3}}$
 $= -\frac{3}{38} \{ 1 - (\frac{1}{3})^m \}$
 (5式) $\lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} S_{3m} = -\frac{3}{38}$ (答)

水おれ! じゃあおれ!

$S_{3m-1} = S_{3m} - \frac{1}{(3m)^2} \rightarrow -\frac{3}{38}$
 $S_{3m-2} = S_{3m-1} - \frac{1}{(3m-1)^2} \times (-\frac{1}{2}) \rightarrow -\frac{3}{38}$ ($m \rightarrow \infty$)
 即ち $\lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} S_{3m} = \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} S_{3m-1} = \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} S_{3m-2}$
 $= -\frac{3}{38}$
 即ち (5式) $= -\frac{3}{38}$

472) (1) Gaussのlim \Rightarrow 不等式 & はさみうち

2) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (2^x + 3^x)^{\frac{1}{x}}$

(《考察》無限大の木 $\rightarrow 2^x \ll 3^x$)
 $0 < 2^x < 3^x$ かつ
 $3^x < 2^x + 3^x < 2 \cdot 3^x$
 $3 < (2^x + 3^x)^{\frac{1}{x}} < 2 \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{x}}$

極限と3ε
 $3 \leq \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (2^x + 3^x)^{\frac{1}{x}} \leq 3$
 はさみうちの原理
 (5式) $= 3$

473) (1) 代入 -2
 (2) $0 \Rightarrow$ 約分 $-\frac{3}{2}$
 (3) $0 \Rightarrow$ 有理化 & 約分 $\frac{3}{2}$
 (4) $\frac{1}{+0} = +\infty, \frac{1}{-0} = -\infty$ かつ ∞
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow +0} \frac{1}{x} = +\infty$
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow -0} \frac{1}{x} = -\infty$

474) (1) $\infty \leftarrow \frac{1}{+0} = \infty$ ($y = \log_2(x-3)$)
 (2) $-\infty \leftarrow \frac{1}{-0} = -\infty$

475) $f(x) = \frac{|x-1|}{x-1}$ ($y=1$ かつ $y=-1$)
 発散する

476) (1) ∞ (2) $\infty \leftarrow \frac{\infty - \infty}{\infty} \ll 3$
 (3) $-\frac{1}{2} \leftarrow \frac{\infty - \infty}{\infty} \xrightarrow{\text{有理化}} \frac{\infty}{\infty} \leftarrow \frac{1}{2}$
 (4) $x = -1$ かつ安全
 $\frac{\infty - \infty}{\infty} \xrightarrow{\text{有理化}} \frac{\infty}{\infty}$

477) (1) Gaussのlim \Rightarrow 不等式 & はさみうち

2) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (2^x + 3^x)^{\frac{1}{x}}$

(《考察》無限大の木 $\rightarrow 2^x \ll 3^x$)
 $0 < 2^x < 3^x$ かつ
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 $3 < (2^x + 3^x)^{\frac{1}{x}} < 2 \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{x}}$

極限と2ε
 $\pi \leq \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{[5^x \cdot \pi]}{5^x} \leq \pi$
 はさみうちの原理
 (5式) $= \pi$

(1) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{[5^x \pi]}{5^x}$ (小数部分の無)
 (《考察》 $x \rightarrow \infty$ のとき $[5^x \pi] \doteq 5^x \pi$)
 かつ (5式) $= \pi$

$[a] \leq a < [a] + 1$ かつ
 $a - 1 < [a] \leq a$
 $5^x \pi - 1 < [5^x \pi] \leq 5^x \pi$
 $\pi - \frac{1}{5^x} < \frac{[5^x \pi]}{5^x} \leq \pi$

下に余りの仮定は
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{\sqrt{1+\cos x}}{x-\pi}$ の収束・発散を

(2) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (2^x + 3^x)^{\frac{1}{x}}$
 (《考察》無限大の極限) $2^x \ll 3^x$
 $0 < 2^x < 3^x$ かつ $3^x < 2^x + 3^x < 2 \cdot 3^x$
 $3 < (2^x + 3^x)^{\frac{1}{x}} < 2 \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{x}}$
 (5式) $\rightarrow 3$

→ 類題 石版の 2007 聖手
 (1) $3^n < 2^n + 3^n < 2 \times 3^n$
 $3 < (2^n + 3^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} < 2 \times 3^{\frac{1}{n}}$
 $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (2^n + 3^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} = 3$
 (2) $0 \leq a < b$ のとき
 $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (a^n + b^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} = b$

(3) $f(x) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\cos^{2n} x + \sin^{2n} x)^{\frac{1}{n}}$
 $f(\frac{\pi}{6}) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^n + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n \right\}^{\frac{1}{n}} =$
 $f(\frac{\pi}{4}) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ 2 \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \right\}^{\frac{1}{n}} =$
 $f(\frac{\pi}{3}) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n + \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^n \right\}^{\frac{1}{n}} =$

下に余りの仮定は
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{\sqrt{1+\cos x}}{x-\pi}$ の収束・発散を

(4) $f(x) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\cos^{2n} x + \sin^{2n} x)^{\frac{1}{n}}$
 $= \begin{cases} \cos^2 x = \frac{1+\cos 2x}{2} & (0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2}) \\ \sin^2 x = \frac{1-\cos 2x}{2} & (\frac{\pi}{2} \leq x \leq \pi) \end{cases}$

 $\int_0^{\pi} \cos^2 x dx = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4}$

→ 類題 石版の 2007 聖手
 (1) $3^n < 2^n + 3^n < 2 \times 3^n$
 $3 < (2^n + 3^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} < 2 \times 3^{\frac{1}{n}}$
 $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (2^n + 3^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} = 3$
 (2) $0 \leq a < b$ のとき
 $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (a^n + b^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} = b$

(3) $f(x) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\cos^{2n} x + \sin^{2n} x)^{\frac{1}{n}} \leftarrow 0^\infty$
 $f(\frac{\pi}{6}) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^n + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n \right\}^{\frac{1}{n}} \rightarrow \frac{3}{4}$
 $f(\frac{\pi}{4}) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ 2 \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \right\}^{\frac{1}{n}} = \frac{1}{2}$
 $f(\frac{\pi}{3}) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n + \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^n \right\}^{\frac{1}{n}} = \frac{3}{4}$
 $\int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{(\frac{1}{4})^n}{(\frac{3}{4})^n}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}$

499 | $f(x)$: 多項式
 I ①: $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(x) - x^3}{x^2 - 1} = 2$ (収束) $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$ (2-2の法則)
 II ②: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{f(x)}{x^2 - 1} = 3$ (収束)
 I ① かつ $f(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 + ax + b$ と表す
 II ②: $x \rightarrow 1$ の収束 $f(1) = 3 + a + b = 0$
 $\therefore b = -(a+3)$

(2) の左側 (0 \rightarrow 約分)
 $= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3 + 2x^2 + ax - (a+3)}{x^2 - 1}$
 $= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1)(x^2 + 3x + a+3)}{(x-1)(x+1)}$
 $= \frac{1+a}{2} = 3 \quad a = -1$
 $(a, b) = (-1, -2)$
 $\therefore f(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 - x - 2$

不定形

5種

- $\frac{0}{0} \Rightarrow$ 系分公式, 微分の定義
 - $\frac{\infty}{\infty} \Rightarrow$ 次数の比較, 指数の底の比較
 - $\infty - \infty$
 - $\infty \times 0$
 - $(1+\infty)^\infty \Rightarrow e$ の定義
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (1 + \frac{1}{x})^x = e \Leftrightarrow \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} (1+t)^{\frac{1}{t}} = e$

$\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta} = 1 \xrightarrow{\theta = t} \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan \theta}{\theta} = 1 \rightarrow \lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos \theta}{\theta^2} = \frac{1}{2}$ (半角公式 $\frac{1 + \cos \theta}{1 + \cos \theta}$)

面積
 二等辺三角形 おお三角形 直角三角形
 $\frac{1}{2} \times 1^2 \times \sin \theta < \frac{1}{2} \times 1^2 \times \theta < \frac{1}{2} \times 1 \times \tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$
 $0 < \cos \theta < \sin \theta < \theta$
 $\theta > 0$ かつ $\cos \theta < \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta} < 1$
 極限 $1 \leq \lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta} \leq 1$
 (はたけの原理) $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta} = 1$ (証明済)

右極限: おお三角形

$f(\theta) = \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta}$ $\theta < \pi$
 $f(-\theta) = \frac{\sin(-\theta)}{-\theta} = \frac{-\sin \theta}{-\theta} = \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta} = f(\theta)$
 かつ $f(\theta)$ は偶関数
 $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} f(\theta) = \lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} f(\theta) = 1$

$f(\theta) = \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta}$: 勾配関数の一種
 $\frac{\sin \theta - \sin 0}{\theta - 0}$

$\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta} = 1 \xrightarrow{\theta = t} \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan \theta}{\theta} = 1 \rightarrow \lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos \theta}{\theta^2} = \frac{1}{2}$ (半角公式 $\frac{1 + \cos \theta}{1 + \cos \theta}$)

面積
 二等辺三角形 おお三角形 直角三角形
 $\frac{1}{2} \times 1^2 \times \sin \theta < \frac{1}{2} \times 1^2 \times \theta < \frac{1}{2} \times 1 \times \tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$
 $0 < \cos \theta < \sin \theta < \theta$
 $\theta > 0$ かつ $\cos \theta < \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta} < 1$
 極限 $1 \leq \lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta} \leq 1$
 (はたけの原理) $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta} = 1$ (証明済)

右極限: おお三角形

$\sqrt{x^2} = |x|$
 $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos \theta}}{\theta} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
 $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos \theta}}{\theta} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
 かつ 発散

解1
 $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos \theta}{\theta^2} = \frac{1}{2}$

解2 半角公式
 $\frac{1 - \cos \theta}{2} = \sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2}$

解3
 $(1 - \cos \theta) \times (1 + \cos \theta) = \sin^2 \theta$ (利用)

先の通り!
 ④ 次の極限の収束・発散を調べよ

$\lim_{\alpha \rightarrow \pi} \frac{\sqrt{1 + \cos \alpha}}{\alpha - \pi} \leftarrow \theta = \alpha - \pi$

$\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1 + \cos(\theta + \pi)}}{\theta} = \lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos \theta}}{\theta}$

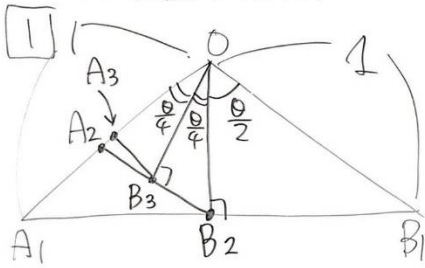
$\theta = \sqrt{\theta^2}$ かつ $\theta > 0$ のとき

$\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \theta}{\theta^2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$

$\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{2 \sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2}}}{\theta} = \sqrt{2} \lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \frac{\theta}{2}}{\frac{\theta}{2}} \times \frac{1}{2}$

$\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\theta} \times \frac{1 - \cos \theta}{1 + \cos \theta}$

limの発展アキルト



$$A_n = OA_n = OB_n$$

(1) $A_3 \cdot \sin \frac{\theta}{4}$ を求める

$$OA_1 = OB_1 = 1 \quad \text{おなじみ証明}$$

$$A_3 = OA_3 = OB_3 = OB_2 \cos \frac{\theta}{4}$$

$$= (OB_1 \cdot \cos \frac{\theta}{2}) \times \cos \frac{\theta}{4}$$

$$= \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \cos \frac{\theta}{4}$$

⋮ (2) n

$$A_n = \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \cos \frac{\theta}{4} \cos \frac{\theta}{8} \cos \frac{\theta}{16} \dots$$

$$A_3 \cdot \sin \frac{\theta}{4} = \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \cos \frac{\theta}{4} \times \sin \frac{\theta}{4} \quad \text{(答)}$$

$$= \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \times \frac{\sin \frac{\theta}{2}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sin \frac{\theta}{2} \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \quad \text{具体化} \Rightarrow \text{相似性}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{\sin \theta}{2} \quad \text{(2) (小初対)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \sin \theta \quad \text{(3) (計算) (小初対)}$$

